

A Stab in the Dark
Sometimes falls of its murderous intent. The insidious and dastardly attacks made upon the reputation of Hostetter's Stomach Bitters by persons who seek to palm off cheap and fiery tonics as identical with it, or "the same thing under another name," or "vegally as such," in most instances prey disastrously upon the unprincipled traders upon popular credulity who attempt them, converting their speculations into ruinous failures. The Bitters is a pure, wholesome and thorough medicine, adapted to the total cure and prevention of fever and ague, bilious rheumatism, dyspepsia, constipation, bilious colic, bilious rheumatism and kidney trouble. It is an ingredient, unlike those in the limitations of it, is of an ascertained standard of excellence, and while they by reason of their fiery properties, react injuriously upon the brain and nervous system, of both those organs it is a sedative and invigorant. Refuse all those harmful imitations.

The Latest and Greatest Discovery

Dr. J. DePrati's Hamburg Figs.—A crystallized fruit cathartic. A discovery of the greatest interest to the medical profession. A boon to every household. A most delicious laxative or purgative, prepared from fruits and vegetables. So perfectly harmless that they may be administered with entire safety to an infant. So efficacious to adults that a single dose will prove their value, and so elegant a preparation that it may well be permitted to the public to become a necessity in every household throughout the land. For liver complaints, habitual constipation, indigestion, dyspepsia and piles, they are a specific. To travelers by sea and land they will be found invaluable; they are positively unfailing in their action, and this is the only medicine ever offered to the public that is acceptable to the most exacting. The children will eat the figs as eagerly as candy. For sale by every druggist throughout the world. Price 25 cents a box. J. J. Mack & Co., prop'ts, 9 and 11 Front St., San Francisco, Cal.

Don't Trife with any Threat or Sudden Disease.

If you have a Cough or Cold, or the children are threatened with Croup or Whooping Cough, use Acker's English Remedy and prevent further trouble. It is a positive cure, and we guarantee it. Price 10 and 50 cents.

W. PINNIGER, Druggist.

A Sound Legal Opinion.
E. Bainbridge Munday, Esq., County Attorney, Clay County, Texas, says: "Have used Electric Bitters with most happy results. My brother also was very low with Malaria Fever and Jaundice, but was cured by the use of this medicine. An satisfied Electric Bitters saved his life."

Mr. D. L. Wilcoxson, of Horse Cave, Kentucky, adds a like testimony, saying: "He positively believed he would have died had it not been for Electric Bitters. This great remedy will ward off as well as cure all Malaria Diseases, and for all Kidney, Liver and Stomach Disorders stands unequalled. Price 50 cts. and \$1. at Hodgkinson & Co.'s."

At Night Always have Acker's Baby Soother at hand. It is the only safe medicine yet made that will remove all infantile disorders. It contains no Opium or Morphine, but gives the child natural ease from pain. Price 25 cents. Sold by

W. PINNIGER, Druggist.

Don't Experiment.
You cannot afford to waste time in experimenting when your lungs are in danger. Consumption always seems, at first, only a cold. Do not permit any dealer to impose upon you with some cheap imitation of Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, Coughs and Colds, but be sure you get the genuine. Because he can make more profit he may tell you he has something just as good, or just the same. Don't be deceived, but take the good Dr. King's New Discovery, which is guaranteed to give relief in all throat, lung and chest affections. Trial bottles free at Hodgkinson & Co.'s drug store. Large bottles \$1.

Babies That are fretful, peevish, cross, or troubled with Windy Colic, Teething Pains, or Stomach Disorders, can be relieved at once by using Acker's Baby Soother. It contains no Opium or Morphine, hence is safe. Price 25 cents. Sold by

W. PINNIGER, Druggist.

Cramps of the Muscles Cured.
John L. Wood, of Stratford, Ont., was cured of cramps in the legs by wearing Allcock's Porous Plasters. Mr. Wood says: "Some three months ago I was taken very suddenly with a severe cramp in the small of my back, and the kidneys. The pain was excruciating. I applied an Allcock's Porous Plaster over the affected region, and had relief almost within an hour. At the same time, in conjunction with this trouble, I had very great nervous disease, affecting my legs with cramps, and could scarcely sleep. I applied a plaster under the knee on each leg, and in three days was completely cured and have never been troubled in either way since."

W. PINNIGER, Druggist.

Many Of the good things of life are sorrowful, yet alone on account of Dyspepsia. Acker's Dyspepsia Tablets will cure Dyspepsia, Indigestion and Constipation; sold on a positive guarantee at 25 and 50 cents.

W. PINNIGER, Druggist.

Save The children. They are especially liable to sudden Colds, Coughs, Croup, Whooping Cough, etc. We guarantee Acker's English Remedy a positive cure. It saves hours of anxious watching. Sold by

An Absolute Cure.
The ORIGINAL ABSINTHE QUINN'S is only put up in large two-ounce boxes, and is an absolute cure for all skin diseases. Will positively cure all kinds of ulcers. Ask for the ORIGINAL ABSINTHE QUINN'S. Price 25 cents per box.

Live Stock Miscellany.

It is estimated that the wool clip of Colorado for 1888 will reach fully 12,000,000 pounds.

Forty carcasses of dressed beef are carried in one car, against sixteen head of live cattle.

A great deal more dehorning has been done in the West in the last few months than ever before in the same time.

Within the neighborhood of one hundred thousand head of cattle will be put on the ranges in Montana this Spring.

The highest price ever paid for a thoroughbred horse in America was \$40,000, by Leonard Jerome, for Kentucky, by Lexington.

Quite a stir is created by the spread of pleuro-pneumonia in North Dorset, England, and a large number of cattle have been slaughtered.

According to the latest statistics there are in France 13,275,021 cattle, 22,688,230 sheep, 1,420,112 goats, 5,774,924 pigs and 2,938,489 farm horses.

With a good season and the exercise of sound judgment, another year will see the live stock industry on a better basis than ever before.

The largest thoroughbred breeding establishment in America is the Belle Meade stock farm, Sumner county, Tenn., which contains 4,000 acres.

The Kentucky bred horse Abbotsford, formerly Mistake, is the only horse in the history of the world that has won races in England, France and America.

The richest stake ever won in America was the Peyton stake, run in Nashville in 1848, which was worth \$41,000 net to the winner. Distance, four mile heats.

Professor Arnold states that it costs more to make milk from old cows than it does from young ones having the same milk capacity. As a rule the best effects do not last beyond the eighth year of the cow's age.

Commissioner Coleman estimates that the introduction of one bull with pleuro-pneumonia into Missouri cost the people of that State \$1,000,000. And the introduction into Kentucky cost the State \$2,000,000. The outbreak at Chicago cost Illinois more than \$7,000,000.

The Argentine Republic, South America, imported 25,698 improved sheep for breeding purposes in the first nine months of 1887, against 12,519 in the same part of 1886. This means stronger competition from that section in the near future.

The following from a South Australia letter in an English paper sounds huge: "We are having a fine season here, and I have already shorn 112,000 sheep, and sent away 600 bales of secured wool. We hope to shear 290,000. We have had a good lambing—we have 230,000 lambs."

Texas or splenic fever, from official reports, was discovered in 1887 in the States of Colorado, Nebraska, Iowa, Kansas, Missouri, Illinois, Indiana, Arkansas, Texas, Minnesota, Michigan, New York, Pennsylvania, New Jersey and Ohio, and the Territories of Wyoming and Montana.

Mr. Armour and Jay Gould deny that they are in any way connected with the big international project for the control of the produce and beef trade of the country, with which their names have been associated along with a number of English dukes, the Rothschilds and the Czar of Russia.

The Citizen, of Tucson, Arizona, signs for the cattlemen when it says that "some of our cattlemen, but two weeks since, were anxious to sell every available hoof on the range, for two cents, are kicking themselves at having nothing to sell at five cents, the present price. The trouble arises from a faulty oversight."

A new patent feild is on deck with a patent to supersede branding. If all this genius claims for his process is true, he will get the everlasting gratitude of all stockmen and make a big fortune. This time he claims to have invented a dye that will change any color of hair on a creature to any desired tint, without injuring the hide beneath, upon one application. In this manner perfectly formed lotions can be permanently dyed upon the hair, and the branding tools will be sold for scrap iron. [Denver Range Journal.]

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Hostetter's Stomach Bitters by persons

who seek to palm off cheap and fiery tonics as identical with it, or "the same thing under another name," or "vegally as such," in most instances prey disastrously upon the unprincipled traders upon popular credulity who attempt them, converting their speculations into ruinous failures.

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THE THERMALITO! COLONY COMPANY.

H 940 LOTS FROM 50x150 TO TEN ACRES ARE FOR SALE IN THE HOME OF THE VINE, OLIVE, ORANGE, LEMON, FIG, in fact all kinds of fruits.

H Town Lots, \$250 and \$200.

H Enquire of the Colony for Circulars, Maps, Etc.

H The Company guarantees satisfaction to purchasers. WATER IS ABUNDANT, CLIMATE EVEN and HEALTHY. MEAN TEMPERATURE—WINTER, 58°; SUMMER, 70.

H 500 Lots in an Association, \$360 Each; Cash, \$30; Monthly installment \$15, until paid for.

H A \$15,000 Hotel Given Away for \$360.

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Reno Evening Gazette

Published every evening except Sunday.

O. S. FREEL, C. S. YOUNG, JOHN M. DORMER
Proprietors.

RATES OF SUBSCRIPTION:
Daily, one year (by mail) \$6.00
Weekly, one year (by mail) \$3.00
Daily, half-yearly, carrier to pay post
of Reno (per week) 25

RATES OF ADVERTISING:
Daily, one square for one month \$2.50
Weekly, one square for one month 1.25
The above rates include both legal and
commercial advertising.

SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 1, 1888

In a recent interview with a representative of the San Diego Bee, Stephen T. Gage, assistant of the President of the Southern Pacific Company, expressed the opinion that at a much earlier date than most people think, the population of California will be quite as large as the great State of New York. New York has a population of a little over five millions, and California has at present about one million two hundred thousand or one million three hundred thousand. There would be nothing really surprising if the expectancy of Mr. Gage, or something approaching to it, should be materialized during the present generation. Three millions may be looked upon as a certainty. Some may think this is a rose-colored view. But the development would be little, if any, greater than that which has taken place here within the lifetime of a large proportion of the present inhabitants of California. Within less than forty years, the State has been converted from a Mexican cattle range, with practically no commerce with other countries, into a region dotted elaborately with productive orchards, vineyards and grain-fields, with thriving settlements and wealthy towns and cities, containing a pushing and enterprising class of people, partially girdled with railroads, and enjoying a growing commerce with almost every part of the civilized world. The prospects in 1848 that Alta California would have in 1888 a population of 1,200,000 to 1,300,000, a great variety of industrial resources well developed, and a larger foreign and domestic commerce, were not as good, by any means, as the prospects now are that Mr. Gage's expectancy will have been fulfilled before the beginning of the twentieth century. The changes that have taken place within the past five years in some parts of the State are really more marvelous to contemplate. We are living in an age when industrial and commercial changes are rapidly made, when, practically what would have been the work of a century in the past is crowded into a few years. There is plenty of room in California to establish a much larger population than New York is now sustaining, and that without any crowding, and the resources of this State for the support of a dense population are infinitely great. To the shrewd observer it looks as if this were the later discovery which many of the new-comers to California have made, and which induces them to invest their wealth liberally in permanent improvements and in the development of new industries.

The Committee on Ways and Means has decided to report favorably upon a bill directly authorizing the Secretary of the Treasury to purchase bonds at his discretion with the surplus, to which objection cannot well be made.

Money now locked up in the vaults of the Treasury will be restored to the channels of trade and the bonded indebtedness of the Government will be reduced the amount of the surplus so applied. The objection to this plan of using the surplus was that the Government would have to pay so high a premium. If the bonds had been placed at three per cent the premium would not exist. But as the bonds were placed at four per cent the Government must either pay the premium these bonds command in the market or the interest during the twenty years the bonds yet have to run. The Secretary of the Treasury will probably exercise his discretion about making purchases, and in any offer of bonds limit the rate of premium which will be paid at certain dates.

The discussion in the Senate Thursday on Stewart's amendment to the Alien Land law shows an appreciation on the part of leading Senators of the growing necessity of keeping America for the Americans. Foreign capital is welcome only when it comes to stay and to turn its increase into domestic channels. Otherwise it becomes a drain instead of a supply.

It is a mistake to suppose that making an exclusion treaty with China should suspend proposed legislation. Chinese come here from other places than China and there must be legislation any way to keep them out.

NEWS OF THE DAY.

[PRESS DISPATCHES TO THE GAZETTE.]

THE READING STRIKE.

The Inside History Being Disclosed to a Congressional Committee.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 11.—The special committee of the House to investigate the Reading strike, got to work this morning. John L. Lee, of Philadelphia, a sympathizer with the railroad strikers, was the first witness. He said he did not consider there was any strike on the Reading road. It was a lookout of firemen. He said they refused to move cars at Port Achmand and General Superintendent Swiger discharged them without giving them a hearing. There was an agreement that no man should be discharged except after a fair hearing. When the superintendent refused to reinstate men, pending a hearing, a general going-out followed. Subsequently a meeting was held in Pottsville, and it was resolved to effect a settlement. The witness and others went to Philadelphia and called up Superintendent Swiger, and made arrangements to declare the strike off. There was no written agreement. Swiger was asked to put the agreement into writing, but he refused, and wanted to know if they questioned his veracity. Next day Swiger failed to live up to his agreement, and discharged representative men all along the line. The men then went to the Reading, and others went to Philadelphia. Referring to the trouble at Elizabethtown, New Jersey, the witness said it was the duty of these men to load the boat with coal for Corbin, whose mines there was a strike, and believed the Reading company was trying to aid Corbin in his fight against the strikers. It was held by the strikers that the Reading company were keeping the Lehigh Coal company in the same position as the employees of Corbin, who were asked to bring about a settlement between the company and the men. Corbin, together with McLeod, of the railroad and coal company, suggested as a remedy a plan by which the coal market would be bulked and wages of the strikers made to go up with the price of coal. This the strikers refused to accept. Corbin did not want to be known as the master. Before the interview with Corbin, the men had endeavored to get work in the Reading shops as a machinist, but was told that he could not go to work; that he was doing more for the Reading company in assisting the strike than twenty-five machinists would be worth to the company and that the strike was a benefit to the Reading Railroad Company, "but we don't want the public to know it."

Wrestling With The Tariff.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 11.—A Democratic member of the House Committee on Ways and Means stated this morning that it was improbable that the tariff bill could be laid before the full Committee in time for action and report to the House before March. The majority have struck a snag in the iron and steel schedule and are unable to agree upon an enlargement of the free list. Several times four or five articles have been placed on the free list and then taken out. The chairman of the Committee has the only document that is regarded as final, and it is stated that he is unable to read it without the aid of all his associates.

A Woman Convicted of Murder.

BOSTON, Feb. 11.—The jury in the case of Mrs. Sarah J. Robinson rendered a verdict of guilty of murder in the first degree. In this trial she was charged with the murder of Prince Arthur Freeman, her nephew. Mrs. Robinson had it long been tried that she was guilty of killing her son and daughter, but the jury disagreed. The inquest to all the crimes with which she is charged was alleged to be securing the life insurance of her victims.

Buried Under an Avalanche.

VIENNA, Feb. 11.—One of the avalanches which have occurred on the line of the Arlberg railroad buried Langen station and a mail train.

Two thousand men are at work attempting to rescue the persons buried.

Two large avalanches have blocked the tunnel on the line and it will be a week before it is again opened, despite the efforts of a large number of troops and workmen who are engaged in removing the snow.

The Big Opium Seizure.

NEW YORK, Feb. 11.—A Kingston (Ont.) special explains how the \$25,000 worth of smuggled opium seized yesterday at Redwood, New York, was brought East. It came from China to Vancouver, thence overland, via the Canadian Pacific, was discharged at the port of Victoria, B. C., and in small lots sent to the large cities marked and packed as eggs. Special officers say that great quantities of opium are smuggled in this way.

McGlynn and George.

NEW YORK, Feb. 11.—Henry George and McGlynn are out. At a meeting of the Anti-Poverty Club to-night McGlynn declared that George favored Cleveland's nomination and said: "The editors of the Standard (George's paper) have tried to side-track our party and we will not be side-tracked, but we will be true to the cause of the workingmen." He declared the United Labor party would run a candidate for President.

Please Us, Also.

CONSTANTINOPLE, Feb. 11.—The Armenian Patriarch has sent a circular letter to the bishops of the Armenian Church, directing them to approach the sultan and guarantee and to recite the credal writings hostile to the Porte. The Patriarch will probably shortly withdraw his resignation. The Patriarch's action has pleased the Porte, which has ordered the reopening of the Armenian College.

Prisoner Blunt Buys for Damages

DUBLIN, Feb. 11.—The trial of the action of Wilford Blunt, who was recently convicted of a violation of the Crimes Act, against the police for \$25,000 damages for illegal arrest, commenced to-day. Blunt was present in the court-room, wearing the prison garb under his overcoat. Lady Blunt was also present. The court-room was crowded.

The Office Meant the Man.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 11.—Judge Alexander Macne, of Brooklyn, who at present holds the office of Solicitor of the Treasury, has been offered and

accepted the position of Assistant Treasurer at New York, vice Canfield, resigned. Macne did not seek the office and accepted it only upon the solicitation of the President.

Why He Resigned.

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TELEGRAPHIC BREVITIES.

John L. Sullivan has accepted the offer of Jack Knifon to stand before him six rounds for \$200.

A dispatch from San Remo says the Crown Prince is doing quite as well as can be expected after undergoing the operation of tracheotomy.

The Marquis of Lansdowne has cabled his acceptance of the Vice Royalty of India. Lord Stanley is definitely announced as his successor.

The Vienna Tagblatt says it has received information that Russia and France are about to conclude a treaty of alliance similar to that between Austria and Germany.

Gilbouly, a member of Parliament, arrested last evening in London, left Eaton Square station for Dublin in company with his guards this morning. —Derman Beaton, Andrew Carnegie, David Dudley Field and Chas. A. Peabody were this morning heard by the Senate in favor of a bill providing for the settlement of international disputes by arbitration.

Hardly Possible.

Under the above caption the Carson Appeal publishes the following: The rumor that C. C. Powning will secure a nomination for Congress next Fall does not seem hardly in the order of things. He will have to go before the Democratic Convention against George Cassidy, one of the shrewdest convention manipulators in the State. Cassidy will come in with the great East solid, all of Ormsby, and part of Storey, while Powning can only depend on a part of Washoe and a few votes in Emeralds and Lyon, and four or five in Storey.

While Powning's services for the Democratic party perhaps entitle him to a nomination, he has not been quite such a warhorse as Cassidy. Fair's influence would be for Powning, but it would cost so much to nominate him that we hardly think he would care to part with the shekels. However, it is none of our fight, anyhow.

Peavine District.

Work will shortly be resumed in the mines of Peavine district, and there is every indication that important developments will be made there this Spring. A force of men will be put to work in the Grey Eagle Monday, and Captain Grifflin will superintend operations in the Bevelhammer, which will commence about March 1st. The Antelope mine, which has been in litigation for several years past, is now free from all legal encumbrances, and George Clough, representing the owners, has gone to Boston for the purpose of making arrangements for its development. On his return it is expected that the mill will be repaired, and a large force of men put to work. Old Peavine has been enveloped in a dark cloud for many years, but the edges of the silver lining are now visible to those who have never lost faith in it.

Discovered His Fault in Time.

A handsomely dressed young woman entered a crowded street car. A long-whiskered old fellow, wearing a dingy slouch hat and a suit of homespun clothes, got up and said:

"Miss, take my seat. I don't look as well as these here gentlemen," nodding at several men, "but I've discovered that I've got more politeness." The young woman sat down without thanking the old fellow, and, slyly winking at a woman whom she knew, whispered: "How do I like my gallant country hoosier? Don't you think that he would cut quite a figure in a dime museum?"

"Miss," said the old fellow with a smile, which clearly bespoke his unconsciousness of the unladylike ridicule, "I believe I left my pocket-book there on that seat. Will you please git up a minit?"

The young woman got up. The old fellow sat down, and, stroking his whiskers, remarked:

"I believe I'll just keep on settin' here, Miss. I stood up so much at the dime museum just now that I'm sorter tired. I've got a little more politeness than these here gentlemen, but I have discovered that I ain't got nigh so much sense." —Arkansas Traveler.

Unnecessary Misery.

Probably as much misery comes from habitual constipation as from any derangement of the functions of the body, and it is difficult to cure, for the reason that it is hard to tell just what is usually producing it. HAMBURG: 100g. of soap prepared to obviate this difficulty, and they will be found pleasant to the taste of women, children, &c. etc. All at 25c. J. J. Mack & Co., proprietors &c.

\$5,000 Reward.

For a better or more pleasant remedy for the cure of consumption, bronchitis, a cough, croup and whooping cough than Santa Abla, the California Cat-o'-the-Cure, there is nothing. If you would be cured of this distressing disease, catarrh, etc., California Cat-o'-the-Cure, \$1 a jar, by mail \$1.10. Santa Abla and Cat-o'-the-Cure are sold and warranted by Oshburn & Shoemaker, Reno.

Cough, whooping cough, sore throat, sudden cold, and the lung troubles peculiar to children, are easily controlled by the use of the following Ayer's Cherry Pectoral. This remedy is safe to take and certain in its action.

SHILOH'S VITALIZER is what you need for Constipation, Loss of Appetite, Indigestion and Symptoms of Disease. Price 25c. per bottle. Sold by Oshburn & Shoemaker.

SHILOH'S CURE will immediately relieve Croup, Whooping Cough and Bronchitis. Sold by Oshburn & Shoemaker.

THE REV. GRO. H. THAYER, a Doctor of Medicine, has for many years past, with his wife, own their home to "SHILOH'S CONSUMPTION CURE." Sold by Oshburn & Shoemaker.

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TO CASH BUYERS!

Special Sales
EVERY DAY DURING THIS WEEK.

EXTRAORDINARY BARGAINS

... AT THE ...

DRY GOODS AND CARPET HOUSE

— OF —

F. LEVY & BROTHER.

THE WHITE HOUSE,



The Leading Clothiers of Nevada,

Have imported one of the LARGEST STOCKS EVER PURCHASED

by any house in the State, consisting of

| | |
|---------------|-----------------------------|
| Fine Clothing | Agricultural, Mining |
| Overcoats, | First Premium AWARDED TO |
| Ulsters | Abrahams Bros. & Co |
| and | — OR — |
| Furnishing | J. B. Stetson's Society. |
| Goods. | Fine Hats |

A Full Line of BUCKINGHAM & HECHT'S Boots and Shoes.

PRICES LOWER THAN EVER.

For first-class goods and reliable dealing, go to

The WHITE HOUSE,

19 Commercial Row.

"THE" CLOTHING AND DRY GOODS STORE.

A. L. PEYSER, PROPRIETOR.

Will offer for the next week the following Price List of Dry Goods

BARGAINS IN DRY GOODS.

Good size large and heavy Bedspreads, \$1.00 each. Heavy and large Marseilles Bedspreads, \$1.00 each. Extra large

Reno Evening Gazette

SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 11, 1888

TO-DAY'S STOCK BOARD.

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|-----------------------------------|
| 550 Ophir, 7% |
| 650 Mexican, 5 |
| 420 Gould & Curry, 5 |
| 150 Best & Boucher, 6%, 6% |
| 150 C. C. Virginia, 16%, 16% |
| 100 Savage, 7% |
| 200 Gold, 6%, 6% |
| 170 Forest, 6% |
| 625 Hail & Norcross, 10, 10%, 10% |
| 180 Jack, 7%, 7% |
| 70 Belcher, 6% |
| 120 Confidence, 27, 26%, 26% |
| 150 S. Nevada, 5% |
| 450 Utah, 1 1/2, 1 1/2 |
| 500 Union, 1 7/8, 1 1/2 |
| Exxon, 1 1/2, 1 1/2 |
| 250 Sog. Belcher, 2 1/2 |
| 200 Overland, 2 1/2 |
| 750 Justice, 1 1/2, 1 1/2 |
| 520 Union, 4 60, 4 55, 45 |
| 950 Alta, 2 45 |
| 250 S. Hill, 50 |
| 50 Challenge, 5% |
| 300 Lady Washington, 500 |
| 700 Andes, 1 1/2, 1 45 |
| 50 Bunker, 5% |
| 250 S. Sheridan, 5% |
| 250 Con. New York, 65 |
| 200 Baltimore, 1 05 |
| 405 Kayes, 2 25, 2 20 |
| 50 Belcher, 7 |
| 425 Eureka, 14% |
| 900 Price, 2 10, 2 05 |
| 50 Jackson, 1 20 |
| 200 Belle Isle, 750 |
| 100 Gold, 6%, 6% |
| 150 Bodie, 2 00 |
| 500 Crocker, 750 |
| 100 Peerless, 1 40 |
| 50 Weldon, 400. |

HOTEL ARRIVALS.

DEPOT HOTEL—Geo F. Mills, H. C. Davis, Carson; Jas B. Treadwell, Sacramento; C. B. Larabee, David Bole, O. Samet, T. N. Hoim, San Francisco; J. D. Maguire, Ogden; F. H. Kolton, Sacramento; S. W. Vane, San Fran.; J. M. D. T. C. Turner, Lakeview; H. Hansen, Sunbeam Valley; Joe Marzen, Lovelock; W. C. Carter, Virginia City; P. T. Stevens, H. P. Steel, O. Adams, Colorado; Alex Wise, Winnemucca; Mrs. Jones and child, Mrs. Smith and family, Virginia; H. F. Harwood and child, Ogden; E. A. Croft, Colorado; Theo Winters, Wa. Hoff, Reno.

PALACE HOTEL—Joe Garret, San Francisco; J. S. Green, San Fran.; W. W. Williams, San Fran.; C. W. Jones Jr., Florida; J. P. Berger, Modesto; Mrs. J. D. Sims and son, Chicago; L. Valenzuela, Winnemucca; E. Brink, Dayton.

BORN.

ROFF—In Reno, February 10, 1888, to the wife of N. W. Roff, a son.

TRATHEN—In Virginia City, February 10, 1888, to the wife of W. H. Trathen, a daughter.

DIED.

FANNING—At the Brunswick Mill, February 10, 1888, Fannie Fanning, aged 17 years, 1 month and 5 days.

JOTTINGS.

Valentines at Thurston's. Job work a specialty at the GATE office.

Road and speeding carts, all styles of the best manufacture, at J. T. Longabaugh's, Reno, Nev.

Ladies' purses of the very latest styles, pins, needles, hair pins, and crochet needles, at Miss Gibbs'.

Matured Thistle Dew Whisky for medicinal purposes in quantities to suit at W. Pinniger's druggist.

From 11:30 to 2:30, J. J. Becker keeps a steaming hot lunch spread for his customers. Also the finest beer in town.

For good wood, a full cord guaranteed, go to Haynes & Algier. Leave orders at Rabe's butcher shop or N. Leon's cigar store.

You can buy groceries at H. V. enor's for California prices, freight added, and have the same delivered at your home in good condition.

Mrs. Alt will hold her regular Saturday evening social in the Armory Hall, to-night as of old. This evening she will give a tamale social.

For lead pencils, slates, writing paper, novels, toys, bird cages and genuine Vermont maple syrup fresh from the sugar groves, go to C. J. Brookins'.

Abraham Bros. believe in quick sales and small profits, and are prepared to furnish the public with the best and latest styles of gent's clothing and furnishing goods.

J. F. Aitken will saw your wood with his steam machine, after which it will be pleasant exercise for you to split it yourself before breakfast these pleasant mornings.

C. A. Thurston keeps a full assortment of purses, ladies' hand satchels, fine cutlery, all kinds of blank books, letter pads, envelopes and all the leading journals, periodicals, etc.

Examining the stock of dry goods, plashes, silk velvets, etc., in the store of F. Levy & Bro., before purchasing elsewhere. The most fashionable can be suited, and the prices asked are within the reach of all.

Oregon apples, very fine; maple sugar, maple syrup, dates, nuts, candies, etc., all kinds of green vegetables, Chase & Sabor's coffee, White Cross baking powder; fishing rods cheap, at E. C. Leathers.

A Bergman calls attention to a new line of gentleman's suits; also a fine assortment of underwear. Mr. Bergman's motto is "small profits and quick returns," and he really sells as low as any dealer in Nevada.

The Arlington House, Carson, is homelike and cosy, the rates reasonable, the table first class, the host popular, and due attention is paid to the weary guest. When next in Carson, register there and be convinced.

To-morrow will be Sunday, and if you want to enjoy a real treat take your families to the Depot Hotel for dinner. The cook at this hotel has a universal reputation, and some of his productions are truly works of art.

State Land Office. During the week ending February 10th, twelve applications for State land were filed, embracing 2,200.82 acres. Cash receipts were: Payments on applications, \$3574.10; payments on contracts, \$128.91; interest payments on contracts, \$22.02; total, \$375.93.

A TRAVELER'S OPINION.

Good Reasons Why Reno Should Keep Time in the March of Progress.
George A. Croft, an old resident of Denver, and for years engaged in writing descriptive pamphlets and tourist books for various railroad companies, arrived in Reno from the West this morning, and spent a pleasant and profitable day in inspecting the town and noting the many improvements made since he was last here. His first visit to Reno was about eight years ago, but since that time he has passed through several times, and being a close observer has kept note of the progress made.

In conversation with a GAZETTE reporter, he said:

"Yes; I am astonished at the progress Reno is making, and that astonishment is increased by the fact that I am informed the merchants and people are opposed to booming, preferring to have the town grow on its own merits and that of the tributary country. I am opposed to booms myself, but it strikes me that a little organized effort on the part of your business men and capitalists would attract a very desirable class of settlers."

"As an instance of what organized effort will accomplish, I will mention the little town of Medford, in Oregon, which four years ago, was merely a town-site, with a house scattered here and there. To-day it is a thriving little town of 2,500 people and its Board of Trade has a membership of 135, all merchants, who are actuated by a common desire to build the town up. And they are succeeding, too.

The advantages of the town are kept constantly before the horse-seeker, public improvements are encouraged, strangers made welcome, and every inducement held out to business men to locate there. What the people of Medford are doing can be repeated here. It is not necessary for people to say that Reno is growing, for one has only to look around at the many new and handsome residences and substantial business blocks for sufficient evidence of that fact; but that is only known to your own folks and to those who, like myself, occasionally have business here. Publish your resources and many advantages, and sooner or later the pamphelets broadcast throughout the country, and my word for it, you will soon notice the value of pruders' ink."

Mr. Croft has been and still is a great traveler, has seen Denver grow from a straggling village in 1860 to the liveliest and most progressive city in the West, and at the present time it boasts of a population of 75,000. It bears the same relation to the Centennial State as does Reno to Nevada. Old settlers there had no faith in the brilliant future prophesied for it, and in that respect old settlers of Reno are similar. Concerned action on the part of Denver business men built that city up to its present magnificence, and Reno merchants and capitalists can there find a precedent for organized effort.

Twenty years ago Denver had no more advantages and resources to boast of than Reno has at the present day, but it had the advantage of being favorably located for the controlling of a vast area of country. By reaching out for trade the Denver merchants soon made their town the commercial depot of the entire State. Reno is as favorably located geographically as Denver, and has an great an inland empire to supply, country as rich in resources, but as yet lacking in enterprise. The foregoing is commanded to our business men and capitalists for their consideration. Is the "game worth the candle?"

The Gymnasium.
The gymnasium at the Armory Hall is now fully equipped and is, as it should be, a popular resort for the active and contributing members of the Reno Guards. The hall is open during the day and evening to all members, and on Tuesday and Friday evenings drills are given, by Messrs. Levy, Fasset and Lewis, all of whom are expert gymnasts. It is gratifying to learn of the success of the enterprise which will be conducive to both physical and mental culture. It is understood that the members propose having the leading drillers from the various parts of the country as soon as their means will permit them, and to start a nucleus for a library. No young man in Reno can afford to forego the advantages to be derived from being either an active or contributing member of the Reno Guards.

Skinning Frozen Sheep and Cattle.
The following is from the San Francisco Examiner of the 10th inst.: A private letter received from Hamilton, Nev., yesterday, reports the sheep-growers Lockwood and Davis to have lost about 1,500 head in the storm. They have a considerable force of men digging the carcasses out of the snow and skinning them. Numerous other sheep and cattle owners are also reported as skinning large numbers of dead animals. Losses in many sections are estimated at from 25 to 50 per cent, and it is thought that this is about an average of the entire state.

Rewards aggregating \$1,100 are offered for the arrest and conviction of the murderer or each of the murderers of Isaac N. Woodhouse, of Esmeralda county, supposed to have been killed about January 8, 1887, somewhere in the neighborhood of Teal's horned marsh.

Virginia Enterprise. A branding-iron is a dangerous thing, hot or cold. J. P. Anderson of Humboldt didn't use one and it cost him \$8,000. What it would have cost him had he used the implement supposed to be true scepter of the cattle king remains to be found out.

Terrible Pains.
Dr. Flint's Heart Remedy banishes sick headache, and will prevent the return of this most terrible of pains, if used when the warning symptoms give notice of the occurrence of an attack. At druggists, \$1.50. Descriptive treatise with each bottle; or address J. J. Mack & Co., San Francisco.

It is worth its weight in gold. It is a common expression but, while the value of gold easily affords the two to us, it is not so easy to find a way to get rid of it. It will create a great deal of pain from the skin when everything else fails.

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BREVITIES.

Local and General Intelligence.
Yesterday was payday on the V. & T.

Trains 2 and 4 will arrive on time to-night.

Surveyor-General Irish went below last evening.

John Mackay is expected on the Comstock in a few days.

The old Kingston mine on the Geiger Grade has been relocated.

J. L. Stevenson is still confined to his room with intermittent fever.

The outlook is good for another booming season in house building.

Senator Jones is announced to arrive on the Coast about the 15th inst.

The new steamer now being built for service on Lake Tahoe will cost \$20,000.

R. F. Morrow arrived from the Comstock.

Henry Miller, of the firm of Miller & Lux, arrived from San Francisco this morning.

Henry W. Lawrence has been nominated by the Gentiles for Mayor of Salt Lake.

The loss of cattle in Lander county is reported as being unusually light this winter.

J. O. Green, of the firm of Clark & Green, proprietors of the Depot Hotel, Elko, is in town.

Carson boasts of dry streets. Nothing is said, however, of the dry residents by the local press.

The Southern Pacific has abolished limited first-class rates between San Francisco and Ogden.

Prof. Lee Chauvin will give a reading before the members of the Baptist Sunday-school to-morrow.

Quiris Maroff, a saloon-keeper of Cortez, Lauder county, has been arrested for selling liquor to Indians.

Negotiations are pending for the purchase of several hay ranches on the Meadows by Eastern Nevada stockmen.

Attention is called to the new advertisement of the Palace dry goods store, which appears in today's issue.

Nick Mullins, an employee of the Sure Tunnel company, is reported to have won \$7,500 in the last lottery drawing.

Honey Lake, Lassen county, California, is rapidly filling up, and the usual depth of water will be attained in the Spring.

The streets of Virginia City are still banked up with snow. In Reno the streets have the appearance of macadamized roads.

Theodore Winters came in from Washoe to-day to attend the meeting of the State Board of Agriculture, of which he is a member.

F. H. Pavola, the Virginia street boot-maker, while engaged in hanging a sign yesterday, fell and suffered a fracture of the left wrist.

Charles Trimble, of Beckwith, Plumas county, California, had both feet frozen during the cold snap, and amputation was necessary.

At the meeting of the State Board of Agriculture to-day Theodore Winters was unanimously elected President for the ensuing term.

Several wood-choppers have been arrested by the United States Surveyor-General Irish, in to this world of trouble, his friends in Reno resolved to observe it by tendering him a surprise party.

Accordingly a descent was made on the castle of the gentleman last evening, and after besieging it and gaining admission a game of progressive euchre was instigated. At 10:30 o'clock supper was served, and at 12 o'clock the gathering dispersed, heartily pleased with the evening's entertainment.

The following ladies were present: Mrs. E. C. Vonderhaar, Mrs. Senator Sagamore, Wm. H. Cowan; Junior Sagamore, G. R. C. W. Chedic; Keeper of Waterbury, George T. Mullins; of their spouses, and from the furs made and the runs for pine nuts, we think it must have been a love fest, as the visiting braves departed about 12 o'clock, and none of them were loaded with fire-works; neither could they be readily sold for the total sum of \$20,000.

The land is all cultivated

